during last three years are indicated below:—

	%age Target	Dec. 1984	Dec. 1985	Sept. 1986
%age of priority sector advances to total bank credit	40	40.04	42.7	43.4
%age of advances for direct finance to agriculture to total bank credit	15	13.9	15.8	16.1
%age of advances to weaker sections to total bank credit	10	8.7	10.2	10.8

NOTE. —Data are provisional.

Rohabilitation of Ex-Seroieemen

311. PROF. C. LAKSHMANNA:

SHRI B. SATYANARAYAN REDDY:

"Will the Minister of DEFENCE be be - pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any charter of demands from the Indian ex-servicemen's League and other organisations of- ex-servicemen;

(b) if so, what are the main demands of the ex-servicemen;

(c) what action has been taken by Government thereon;

(d) whether Government have formulated any scheme for provid" ing employment to ex-servicemen till the age of superamnnuation organising sewicemen's cooperative for. using their services for movements of goods from public undertakings; and

(e) what are the details of any other measures proposed to be taken for rehabilitation of ex-servicemen?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. (SHRI ARUN SINGH); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (c) The required Information is given n the Annexure (See Appendix CXLII, Annexupre No. 10

Seniority of Assistants in the Armed Forces Headquarters- Civil Service

212/DR. *G. VIJAYA MOHAN REDDY: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that the. seniority list of Assistants in the Armed Forces Head querters CiviL Service had been prepared by the Ministry of Defence without complying with the Statutory Rules;

(b)' whether it is also a fact that these Statutory Rules have been upheld, by the Supreme Court in. "a recent judgement; and

(c) if so, what are the reasons for not following the Statutory Rules, for not consulting the Union public Service Commission and the details of action taken against the defaulting officers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE-RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI ARUN. SINGH): (a) In August, 1984; a seniority list of permanent Assistants of the AFHQ Civil Service as drawn up in accordance with the AFHQ Civil Service Rules, 1968. This list was struck down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The seniority, list was, thereafter; drawn up as per directions of the Supreme Court I Central Administrative Tribunal.

(b) The Hon'ble Supreme Court, in its order dated 17-2-1887, has directed that the seniority among Direct Recruits themselves be determined in accordance with Sub-Rule (6) of Rule 16 of the AFHQ Civil Service Rules 1968 The Court had also directed that*

this process would not affect, in any. manner, the seniority of the pro-motees, which has to be determined on the basis of continuous officiation.

(c) The seniority list was revised *as* per the directions of the Central Administrative Tribunal. This list will be further modified as per the, directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. No default on the part of any officer is involved.

Misuse of powers etc. in Nationalised Banks

&13. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA; - Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that a recent study by the Central. vigilaince Commission has revealed gross misuse of powers, favouritism, falsification • of records, prevalence of illegal gratification and misappropriation of money in the nationalised banking sector in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what action has been taken or is proposed to be taken by Govern ment to review, the entire system and procedures and to formulate a comprehensive scheme to remove the malady from, the banking service in. the country besides identifying the officials involved in such malpractice^?

THE "MINISTER* OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY. OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) and (b) In its Annual Report for 1985, the Central Vigilance Commission has analysed 564 cases relating to. the banking sector, which had been received by the Commission during the years 1983, 1984 and 1985. The analysis of these cases showed various acts of misconduct viz exceeding of delegated powers, showing of favours; falsification of records; illegal gratification, mis-appropriation of money, acquisition of disproportionate assets etc. The. Commission has stated that the objective of the analytical study has been to observe the types and forms of mis-conduct and malpractices, the modus *operandi* and the operational reasons, which provide scope for corruption and that this is expected to have preventive value.

(c) To prevent frauds, corruption-etc. banks are taking steps to -strengthen their control mechanisms,, including internal audit/inspection machinery, and to make them effective so, as to eliminate the scope foe frauds and malpractics. The vigr-lence machinery in banks is also-being stiengthened and made more effective. Reporting and detection of frauds is also being improved. Banks are also taking a serious view of irregularities com- -mitted by their employees and have been initiating action to inflict punishment befitting the seriousness of the irregularties, on the delinquent employees.

Bank Loans written *off* by the Nationalised Bank

214. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA;

SHRI J. P. GOYAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases during the 'last three years in which bank. loans above Rs. 5 lakhs were Written off by the nationalised banks in the country stating the total amount written off so far and its Percentage against the total amount of loans granted;

(b) what are the reasons for writing off loans;

(c) 'whether Government have made any inquiry into the grant of these loans to know whether the loans were granted by showing favouritism with out going into the financial soundness of the parties concerned and the lacuna, if any, in the procedure for granting loans;

(d) if so, what is the outcome thereof stating the action taken by Government to fix responsibility in this regard and

(e) what is the percentage of cases, if any, where the loanees utilised the loans for the purpose other than those for which loans were granted?